8.—Enrolment in Private Business and Commercial Schools (Business Colleges), by Provinces, Specified School Years Ended 1921-45

NOTE.—Figures for	intervening	years will	be found	in the	corresponding	table of the 1937	1049
1946 Year Books.		•			oo oopoag	out of the 1991,	1342 and

Year	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Total
1921 1926 1931 1940 1941 1944	85 114 140 179 168 197 104	1,280 766 775 740 1,019 881 684	740 722 671 308 329 348 816	4,319 2,743 2,897 4.032 3,707 6,256	14.537 10,314 9,732 7,749 9,119 11,724 11,141	3,538 3,502 3,087 1,858 1,782 2,988 3,532	1,333 1,436 1,400 973 1,431 1,869 1,200	2,216 2,739 1,629 1,562 2,145 2,780 2,726	1,986 2,230 2,180 1,955 2,010 3,415 2,906	30, 03 24, 56 22, 42 19, 35 21, 71 30, 45

¹ Figures for Quebec were not available at time of going to press.

Subsection 3.—Higher Education

The outstanding achievement of Canadian universities and colleges in 1946, was the development and implementation of the university training program provided for ex-service men and women under the terms of the Veteran's Rehabilitation Act.

A high proportion of veterans are taking advantage of this opportunity to fit themselves for positions of leadership, with the result that Canada has embarked upon a large-scale experiment in adult education. The number of veterans now enrolled in Canadian universities is equal to the total full-time enrolment of university students in Canada immediately preceding the Second World War.

University Training under the Veterans' Rehabilitation Act.*—The Veterans' Rehabilitation Act provides for the payment of tuition and other fees, as well as an allowance of \$60 per month with extra allowances for dependents, for each veteran commencing a regular university course within 15 months after discharge. The allowances are paid only while the student is actually at college and are continued, if needed, for as many months as his active service, provided that he passes all examinations en route. If he fails in a year's work, no further assistance is available for university studies. On the other hand, if he is of scholarship calibre, allowances may be continued on a year-to-year basis beyond his period of entitlement and an outstanding or exceptionally able student may be assisted in post-graduate study when such is in the public interest.

On the recommendation of the Advisory Committee on University Training for Veterans, established by P.C. 3206, May 3, 1945, legislation was introduced to financially assist Canadian universities in their efforts to provide adequate facilities for qualified veterans. In addition to the regular tuition and other fees, the Department of Veterans Affairs was authorized to pay an additional grant to a university, not to exceed \$150 per veteran, for the period July 1, 1945, to June 30, 1946, for the purpose of assisting in defraying the instructional, counselling and administrative costs incurred by the university. This action resulted in an enrolment in Canadian universities of 34,000 veterans as at Feb. 1, 1947

^{*} Prepared in the Department of Veterans Affairs in co-operation with The Education Statistics Branch, Dominion Bureau of Statistics.